

Kasvua **sammalesta** Pohjois-Karjala

Growth from moss North Carelia



UNIVERSITY OF
EASTERN FINLAND

Department of Environmental and Biological Sciences
WP1 Teemu Tahvanainen, teemu.tahvanainen@uef.fi
Department of Geographical and Historical Studies
WP2 Timo Kumpula, timo.kumpula@uef.fi



Regional Council of
NORTH KARELIA



Co-funded by
the European Union

Cultivated moss to replace peat-based production

- Developing sustainable production at peat-mining altered peatland areas
- Improving peatland natural functions, ecosystem services and biodiversity
- Providing science-based knowledge for peatland entrepreneurship
- Piloting cultivation and developing methodology
- Pilot sites, training, workshops, guide material
- Stakeholder networking, entrepreneur collaboration, communication

The most important peat former and carbon sink



Sphagnum cultivation in NW Germany



Prospects of *Sphagnum* cultivation entrepreneurship

- Alternative of peat in growth media, animal bedding, environmental protection + special products
- Improving natural state of peatlands and predictable raw material
- Water and landscape engineering, restoration, machinery development, planning and automatization
- Targeting peat producers and land owners
- All peat-based livelihoods

Bulk peat applications – special products



Development tasks from planning to harvesting



WP1 Innovative solutions to cultivation

Peatland biology application

- Optimized cultivation: testing methods for establishment, adjusting conditions
- Biomass production potential: survival, growth, condition
- Integrating with other peatland use: solar energy, restoration
- Technical solutions for monitoring: data logging for water level, flow, temperature, PAR...
- Material research → project at Kuopio campus

Kosteikkoaurinkovoimala Tanskassa



Rahkasammalten kasvatusta Saksassa



WP2 Planning *Sphagnum* cultivation and ecosystem services

Remote sensing and GIS application

- Place of *Sphagnum* cultivation in degraded peatland area restoration
- Impacts of *Sphagnum* source material collection
- Planning methods for holistic improvement of peat-mining degraded peatland areas: paludiculture opportunities, carbon balance, water impacts, biodiversity
- Integrating cultivation in catchments and other peatland use

Peatland catchments are mosaics of land use



Successful cultivation depends on holistic catchment-scale planning



Model sites of *Sphagnum* cultivation

- First *Sphagnum* cultivation areas are important testing and model sites
- Practical solutions for establishing, maintaining and monitoring *Sphagnum* cultivation
- Proofs of *Sphagnum* yield potential
- Water and climate impact verification
- Living lab for education and research collaboration

Opiskelijat istuttamassa kihokkeja Kyyrönsuon turvekentälle



Uusi tuotantomuoto kaipaa mallin toimintatavoille ja varmistusta tuloksille



First pilot area at Kyyrönsuo peatland, Kontiolahti



First pilot area at Kyyrönsuo peatland, Kontiolahti





Optimal conditions

Maximum vitality
Minimum effort

Instant start of optimal growth

Sphagnum
cultivation

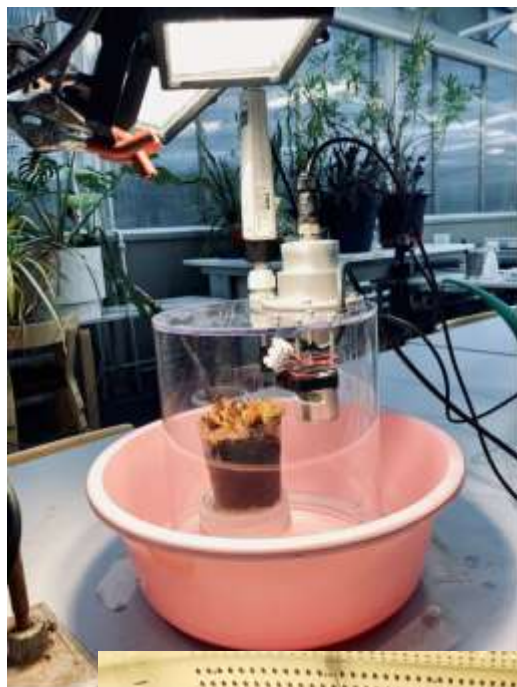
November start – June situation
Common peatland species



June start – July situation
Fast growing riparian species



Moss Test Lab at Joensuu Campus, UEF



Kasvua **sammalesta** Pohjois-Karjala

Growth from moss North Carelia



UNIVERSITY OF
EASTERN FINLAND

Department of Environmental and Biological Sciences
WP1 Teemu Tahvanainen, teemu.tahvanainen@uef.fi
Department of Geographical and Historical Studies
WP2 Timo Kumpula, timo.kumpula@uef.fi



Regional Council of
NORTH KARELIA



Co-funded by
the European Union